

Composer's Note

I, Dreaming: An Electroacoustic Exploration of Reality and Perception

Epameinondas Fasianos
University of Manchester, UK.

Abstract

The Electroacoustic Music piece titled *I, Dreaming*, composed in 2024 by Dr. Epameinondas Fasianos, exemplifies an intricate interplay between Electroacoustic and Ambient Electronic Music. This nine-minute stereo fixed media composition integrates recorded sounds and original musical elements, including a choir inspired by Byzantine music. This study delves into the composition's structure, thematic elements, and cultural significance, offering a detailed analysis of its auditory and symbolic dimensions. The title of the composition pays homage to the American filmmaker Stan Brakhage (1933 - 2003), known for his film *I... Dreaming*.

I... Dreaming is an experimental short film by Stan Brakhage, released in 1988. The film features a sound track composed of Stephen Foster songs, arranged by Joel Haertling. Brakhage described the film as extremely autobiographical, produced during a challenging period following his separation from his wife Jane. Unlike most of his other works, *I... Dreaming* incorporates a soundtrack, where Brakhage used a collage of Stephen Foster's songs overlaid with scratched lyrics directly onto the film emulsion, such as sweet spirit and see the dark void. The visuals alternate between images of Brakhage, depicted as a weary old man, and the restless movements of his grandchildren, often captured using time-lapse techniques. The film is noted for its minimalist imagery and steady camera work.

I... Dreaming has been recognized for its departure from Brakhage's usual silent film style, drawing comparisons to his earlier trance films and the works of contemporaries like Maya Deren and Kenneth Anger. Critics have described it as an emotional and melancholic exploration of aging and loss, with R. Bruce Elder noting its significance in challenging the traditional themes of Brakhage's oeuvre. Fred Camper praised the poetic and suggestive imagery of the film, interpreting the scratched phrases as a poignant acknowledgment of Brakhage's emotional state.

1. Introduction

I, Dreaming is an Electroacoustic Music composition that traverses various auditory landscapes, merging traditional and contemporary sound elements to explore the boundaries of perception and reality. Composed by Dr. Epameinon-

das Fasianos in 2024, the piece employs a diverse array of sound sources, including natural sounds, instrumental recordings, and a Byzantine-inspired choir. This research paper aims to delve into the intricate structure of *I, Dreaming*, its thematic underpinnings, and the cultural implications embedded within its sonic fabric.

2. Background

Some of the various techniques being practiced worldwide are discussed below.

Electroacoustic Music, a genre that combines Electronic sound production with acoustic sound sources, serves as the foundation for this composition. This genre, which emerged in the mid-20th century, has evolved to include a vast array of techniques and technologies. This composition situates itself within this tradition while also incorporating elements of Ambient music and recorded soundscapes. The piece begins with Electroacoustic Music sounds of water, stones, and bells, creating a textured auditory environment that transitions into a catatonic state characterized by Ambient violin and drone sounds. The violin sounds were provided by members of the Contemporary Orchestra of the Hellenic Radio and Television Broadcasting Corporation ERT Greece. This transition eventually leads to a section featuring piano and a Byzantine-inspired choir, before returning to the initial Electroacoustic Music sounds. This cyclical structure underscores the thematic exploration of reality and dreams, with each auditory state representing different levels of consciousness and perception.

2.1. Sonorous Realms: Exploring Perceptual Symbolism in *I, Dreaming*

In *I, Dreaming*, reality is intricately woven through distinct sonic phases that symbolize different states of consciousness. The composition unfolds in three main sections, each representing a different perceptual reality. Initially, the Electroacoustic Music sounds section establishes a foundational reality, manipulating familiar sounds like water, stones, and bells into a textured auditory landscape. This section serves as the waking state, grounding the listener in a recognizable acoustic environment.

Transitioning into the Ambient sounds section, the composition moves into a transitional phase akin to drifting

towards sleep. Here, Ambient textures and drones blur temporal boundaries, creating a sense of suspension and anticipation. This phase symbolizes the liminal state between wakefulness and the subconscious.

The culmination of the composition occurs in the dream phase, characterized by the introduction of original choir sounds inspired by Byzantine music traditions. These rich, harmonious voices represent the deepest state of dreaming, evoking spiritual and cultural resonances. This section transcends literal realism, offering an ethereal and transformative auditory experience that reflects the inner depths of the subconscious mind.

From a human perspective, the perception of reality is inverted compared to the composition's symbolic structure. The original choir sounds are perceived as the most real and authentic, resonating with cultural and emotional significance. In contrast, the heavily processed Electroacoustic sounds, despite grounding the composition's auditory journey, are perceived as less real or distorted. This perceptual inversion highlights the subjective nature of auditory experience, where cultural symbolism and emotional resonance shape our understanding of what is real and what is imagined.

The composition's use of perceptual symbolism underscores its thematic exploration of consciousness and the fluid boundaries between reality and dreams. By manipulating sound textures and cultural references, I, Dreaming invites listeners to contemplate the subjective nature of reality and the transformative power of auditory imagination.

2.2. Thematic Exploration

This composition intricately weaves thematic elements that explore the intersection of reality, perception, and the subconscious mind. 1. Reality and Perception: The composition challenges conventional notions of reality by blurring the boundaries between tangible and imagined experiences. Electroacoustic Music sounds, Ambient textures, and choir chants represent different layers of consciousness and subjective interpretation. This thematic exploration invites listeners to contemplate the fluidity of perception and the subjective nature of reality. 2. Subconscious and Dream States: This composition delves into the realm of the subconscious mind and dream states through its narrative structure and sonic palette. The composition transitions between states of wakefulness, dream, and introspection, symbolized by Electroacoustic Music textures, Ambient drones, and Byzantine choir chants. These transitions evoke a sense of temporal and psychological fluidity, mirroring the cyclical nature of dreams and the subconscious. 3. Metaphors and Symbolism: Metaphors and symbolism play a crucial role in this composition, enriching its thematic depth and narrative complexity. The use of water sounds, bells, and Ambient textures metaphorically represents the ebb and flow of consciousness and emotional states. The presence of Byzantine choir chants

symbolizes spiritual introspection and cultural heritage, adding layers of symbolic meaning to the composition's auditory landscape.

2.3. Electroacoustic Reality

The initial Electroacoustic Music section employs sounds of water, stones, and bells. These sounds are manipulated to create a textured and immersive auditory environment. The choice of these sounds is significant, as water symbolizes fluidity and the subconscious, stones represent solidity and the material world, and bells signify clarity and awakening. This section establishes the foundational reality of the composition, grounding the listener in a recognizable soundscape.

2.4. Ambient Transition

The transition to the Ambient section is achieved through interpolations, where Electroacoustic Music sounds blend seamlessly with Ambient violin and drone textures. This section serves as a bridge between the tangible reality of the Electroacoustic Music sounds and the dream-like state of the choral section. The Ambient textures create a sense of stasis and suspension, evoking the experience of transitioning into a dream.

2.5. Choral Dream State

The climax of the composition occurs with the introduction of piano sounds and Byzantine inspired choir chants. This section represents the deepest state of dreaming within the piece. The use of choir music, rooted in religious and cultural traditions, adds a layer of spiritual significance to the composition. The rich harmonies and lyrical piano lines interact with the Ambient drones, creating a complex and immersive soundscape that evokes a sense of reverence and contemplation.

2.6. Cultural Significance

The inclusion of Byzantine-inspired choir chants, performed by members of the Hellenic Radio and Television Broadcasting Corporation ERT Greece, adds a historical and cultural dimension to this composition. This cultural reference not only enriches the auditory complexity of the piece but also grounds the abstract Electroacoustic Music elements in a recognizable tradition.

2.7. Byzantine Chant

The Byzantine Chant, a prominent tradition within Eastern Orthodox Christian liturgy, is known for its monophonic texture and modal system. Its incorporation into this composition evokes a profound sense of spiritual reflection and cultural legacy. Moreover, the conventional monophonic cantors have been replaced by a female choir performing in a polyphonic, fugue-like style. This cultural

aspect contrasts with the abstract Electroacoustic Music sounds, fostering a dynamic interplay between tradition and innovation.

2.8. Symbolism of Bells

Bells hold symbolic significance in various cultural contexts. In this composition, bells are used to signify transitions and awakenings. The sound of bells is often associated with clarity, purity, and spiritual awakening. In the composition, the dry Electroacoustic Music bells mark the return to reality, symbolizing the end of the dream state and the re-establishment of conscious awareness.

3. Analytical Framework

To comprehensively analyze this composition, an analytical framework combining musical, psychoacoustic, and cultural perspectives is employed. This multi-faceted approach enables a deeper understanding of the composition's structural elements and thematic significance.

3.1. Musicological Analysis

The musicological analysis focuses on the formal structure, harmonic content, and thematic development within this composition. The piece can be divided into three primary sections: the Electroacoustic reality, the Ambient transition, and the choral dream state. Each section is characterized by distinct sonic elements and compositional techniques. 1. Electroacoustic Reality: The initial section of the composition employs Electroacoustic Music techniques to manipulate and transform sounds of water, stones, and bells. The harmonic content in this section is sparse, with a focus on texture and timbre rather than traditional harmonic progressions. This creates a sense of otherworldliness and establishes the foundational auditory environment. 2. Ambient Transition: The transition to the Ambient section is achieved through gradual interpolations, where Electroacoustic Music sounds blend seamlessly with Ambient violin and drone textures. This section features a richer harmonic palette, with sustained tones and slow harmonic changes that evoke a sense of stasis and suspension. The Ambient textures serve as a bridge between the Electroacoustic reality and the choral dream state.

4. Psychoacoustic Analysis

The psychoacoustic analysis examines how the composition engages the listener's auditory perception and cognitive processes. This composition employs several psychoacoustic techniques to create a sense of immersion and altered reality. 1. Sound Localization: The stereo field in this composition is carefully crafted to enhance the spatialization of sounds. Electroacoustic Music elements are often panned across the stereo field, creating a sense of

movement and depth. This spatialization technique engages the listener's bin aural hearing and enhances the immersive quality of the composition. 2. Timbre and Texture: The manipulation of timbre and texture is a central feature of the composition. Electroacoustic Music sounds are processed to emphasize certain spectral qualities, creating unique timbral characteristics. These timbral manipulations contribute to the perception of different auditory scenes, from the ethereal water sounds to the rich choral harmonies. 3. Temporal Perception: The use of sustained tones and slow harmonic changes in the Ambient section affects the listener's perception of time. The sense of temporal suspension aligns with the thematic exploration of dreams and altered states of consciousness. The transition back to the Electroacoustic reality is marked by sharper, more defined temporal boundaries, reinforcing the cyclical structure of the composition. 4. Choral Dream State: The climax of the composition is marked by the introduction of piano sounds and choir chants. This section is harmonically dense, with rich choral harmonies and a lyrical piano line that interacts with the Ambient drones. The use of Byzantine-inspired choral music adds a historical and spiritual layer to the composition, grounding the abstract sounds in a culturally significant context.

5. Interpretive Framework

To interpret this composition within a broader theoretical framework, it is essential to consider its implications for the perception of reality and the role of sound in constructing meaning. 1. Perception and Reality: The composition challenges traditional notions of reality by manipulating auditory perception. Electroacoustic Music sounds, Ambient textures, and choir chants represent different layers of consciousness and subjective experience. The fluid transitions between these auditory states invite listeners to question their perception of reality and explore alternative interpretations. 2. Semiotics of Sound: Sound serves as a semiotic medium in this composition, conveying symbolic meanings and cultural references. The choice of bells and choir chants carries religious and spiritual connotations, while Ambient textures evoke a sense of atmospheric ambiguity. By manipulating these sonic symbols, the composition constructs a narrative that unfolds through auditory cues and associations. 3. Narrative Structure: The narrative structure of this composition is characterized by cyclical patterns and thematic development. The composition begins with Electroacoustic Music sounds that establish a tangible reality, transitions through Ambient and choral sections that symbolize dream states, and returns to Electroacoustic Music sounds that signify awakening or closure. This cyclical structure mirrors the recursive nature of dreams and invites listeners to interpret the composition as a narrative journey through consciousness.

6. THEORETICAL BACKGROUND: TRANSITIONS AND SUPERIMPOSITIONS BETWEEN MUSICAL GENRES

6.1. Hybridization and Cultural Cross Pollination

Musical genres often evolve through hybridization, where elements from different traditions and styles are combined to create new forms of expression. This process of cultural cross-pollination is influenced by historical, social, and technological factors, leading to the emergence of genres such as jazz fusion, world music fusion, and Electronic dance music (EDM). Hybrid genres thrive on the interplay between diverse musical vocabularies, rhythms, tonalities, and instrumentation, fostering innovation and cultural dialogue.

6.2. Narrative and Semiotic Dimensions

Transitions and superimpositions between musical genres can serve narrative and semiotic functions within compositions. These shifts in musical style and texture often signify changes in emotional tone, thematic development, or structural progression. For example, in film music, genre transitions are strategically employed to underscore shifts in narrative perspective or to evoke specific emotional responses from audiences. In concert music, composers utilize genre juxtapositions to challenge audience expectations and to explore contrasting aesthetic possibilities.

6.3. Technological Integration and Sonic Innovation

Advancements in technology have facilitated new modes of musical expression by enabling seamless integration and manipulation of diverse sonic elements. Electronic Music genres, such as Ambient, techno, and glitch, exemplify how technological tools can be harnessed to create complex layers of sound, blurring distinctions between acoustic and Electronic sources. The use of sampling, digital synthesis, and spatialization techniques allows composers to experiment with genre hybridity and to craft immersive auditory experiences that transcend traditional genre boundaries.

6.4. Aesthetic Discourse and Artistic Identity

The exploration of transitions and superimpositions between musical genres raises fundamental questions about aesthetic discourse and artistic identity. Composers and performers navigate these intersections by negotiating the tensions between tradition and innovation, authenticity and experimentation, and cultural specificity and globalized influences. Genre hybridity encourages artists to critically engage with musical conventions and to challenge established norms, fostering a dynamic dialogue within contemporary music practice.

6.5. Audience Reception and Cultural Reception

Audience reception plays a pivotal role in shaping the significance and reception of genre transitions within musical compositions. Listeners bring diverse cultural backgrounds, musical preferences, and interpretative frameworks to their engagement with hybrid genres. The reception of genre superimpositions can vary widely, ranging from critical acclaim for innovative cross-genre collaborations to controversy over perceived cultural appropriation or aesthetic dissonance. Understanding audience reception informs composers' decisions regarding genre integration and contributes to ongoing debates surrounding musical authenticity and cultural representation.

7. COGNITIVE IMMERSION AND ELECTROACOUSTIC MUSIC: EXPLORING PERCEPTION IN MULTIMEDIA CONTEXTS

In the realm of multimedia arts, cognitive immersion is intricately tied to how music interacts with the brain's neuro-psychological processes, particularly in contexts involving Electroacoustic Music. Unlike visual perception, where attention is often directed towards singular visual stimuli, auditory perception allows for simultaneous processing of multiple sounds, a phenomenon akin to the cocktail party effect (Altman, 1992: 29). This unique capability of auditory perception is central to understanding how Electroacoustic Music influences cognitive engagement and immersion in multimedia environments.

Drawing on modular theory as proposed by Jerry Fodor (1983), specific cognitive tasks are associated with distinct brain regions, highlighting the specialized processing involved in music perception and memory (Cohen, 2000: 368). For instance, Electroacoustic Music compositions manipulate sound textures and spatialization to evoke intricate auditory landscapes, engaging listeners' brains in deciphering and integrating complex sonic information. In the context of multimedia art forms, including video games, Electroacoustic Music serves multifaceted roles beyond conventional aesthetic enjoyment. It acts as a dynamic auditory backdrop, modulating the cognitive environment by enhancing focus and blocking out extraneous distractions (Cohen, 2000: 364). This wall of sound effect supports cognitive immersion by directing attention towards thematic elements within the multimedia composition, whether it be in interactive gameplay or experiential art installations.

Empirical studies, such as those examining music's role in video-game immersion, resonate with Electroacoustic principles by demonstrating how sound textures and spatial arrangements can profoundly affect cognitive states and perceptual focus (Pratchett, 2005: 5). These studies underscore that the choice of Electroacoustic Music elements in multimedia contexts is pivotal not only for aesthetic expression but also for shaping cognitive responses and immersive experiences.

However, further nuances emerge when considering the diverse contexts of multimedia arts and Electroacoustic Music compositions. Factors such as the listener's familiarity with the Electroacoustic genre and the specific thematic elements of a multimedia piece influence how auditory stimuli are processed and integrated into cognitive frame works. Understanding these dynamics enriches our comprehension of how Electroacoustic Music contributes to immersive experiences in multimedia arts, highlighting its capacity to evoke emotional responses and enhance perceptual engagement.

In conclusion, cognitive immersion in multi media arts, particularly through Electroacoustic Music, illuminates the intricate interplay between auditory perception, cognitive neuro-science, and artistic expression. By exploring how Electroacoustic Music compositions manipulate auditory stimuli to enhance cognitive states and immersive environments, we gain deeper insights into the transformative potential of sound in shaping perceptual experiences across multimedia

8. MUSIC'S ATMOSPHERIC INFLUENCE AND ELECTROACOUSTIC PERCEPTIONS

Music and sound wield a profound influence on human emotions and perceptions, transcending mere auditory experiences to shape atmospheric moods and evoke profound feelings. Whether through traditional performances, recordings, or innovative Electroacoustic compositions, music has the capacity to imbue environments with distinctive atmospheres or *Stimmung*, as articulated across various scholarly perspectives.

Historically, music has been noted for its transformative power in altering atmospheres. For instance, Lina Ramann's observations of Franz Liszt's piano improvisations illustrate how music could instantly shift the mood in a room, eliciting emotional responses ranging from tears to exhilaration (Ramann, 1880). This transformative quality resonates with the immersive potential of Electroacoustic Music, where manipulated sounds and spatialization techniques create dynamic auditory environments capable of altering perceptual states.

Ethnomusicologist Margaret Kartomi's description of gong ensembles in Bali further underscores music's ability to generate overpowering atmospheres during cultural rituals (Kartomi, 1973). This notion parallels Electroacoustic compositions, where synthesized sounds and digital manipulations not only evoke emotions but also spatially extend atmospheric qualities within multimedia installations or interactive art.

John Blacking's anthropological insights highlight music's role in generating communal emotional experiences, where music becomes a conduit for shared feelings among individuals and groups (Blacking, 1987). In the context of Electroacoustic Music, these communal emotional dynamics are explored through spatial audio techniques and

immersive soundscapes that envelop listeners in shared perceptual spaces.

Marie Thompson and Ian Biddle's study on popular music in political protests illustrates how music can modulate moods and intensities within collective settings, fostering a shared ambience that transcends individual experiences (Thompson and Biddle, 2013). Similarly, Electroacoustic compositions engage listeners in multisensory experiences where soundscapes not only convey emotions but also manipulate spatial and temporal perceptions, enhancing cognitive immersion and collective atmospherics effects.

In musical traditions such as Javanese aesthetics, concepts like *rasa* emphasize music's ability to evoke nuanced emotional and atmospheric states through intricate melodic structures and rhythmic patterns (Benamou, 2010; Weiss, 2010). This aesthetic ideal parallels Electroacoustic Music's exploration of abstract sonic textures and spatial arrangements to evoke complex emotional and perceptual responses.

The concept of atmosphere, as explored by scholars such as Hermann Schmitz, Leo Spitzer, and Timothy Morton, transcends mere perceptual objects to denote a broader "structure of reality." This shift prompts a reconsideration of how music and sound function not merely as static entities but as dynamic agents that shape atmospheric relations. Andrew McGraw's notion of "atmospheric sociality" highlights how sound interacts spatially to create social structures (McGraw, 2016). Building upon this framework, this discussion expands upon the term "atmosphere" to emphasize "atmospheric relations," which shifts the focus from music and sound as reified objects to dynamic modalities that mediate environments and relationships.

In the context of Electroacoustic Music, atmospheric relations become particularly salient. Unlike traditional notions that treat music as isolated objects or experiences, Electroacoustic compositions employ digital manipulations, spatialization techniques, and immersive soundscapes to actively construct and manipulate atmospheres. These compositions challenge traditional subject-object dualisms by engaging listeners in relational structures that span auditory perception, spatial dynamics, and emotional affect.

Mikkel Bille's concept of "atmospheric practices" underscores how DJs, composers, and sound engineers actively mobilize music and sound to cultivate atmospheric ends (Bille, 2019). This perspective aligns with studies in Electroacoustic Music where artists and performers engage in practices that blur the boundaries between production and perception. For instance, Turner's exploration of musical and auditory operations reveals how composers use spatial audio and environmental sounds to construct immersive atmospheric experiences (Turner, this Volume).

Furthermore, the concept of atmospheric relations challenges phenomenological assumptions by expanding beyond individualized experiences of music. It acknowledges that musical atmospheres are deeply embodied, transse-

sorial, and span various media. This approach resonates with Juha Torvinen and Tere Vaden's analysis, where they identify an ecological interconnectedness in musical listening that transcends individual subjectivities (Vaden and Torvinen, 2014). In Electroacoustic compositions, this interconnectedness is exemplified through the manipulation of sonic textures and spatial arrangements that invite listeners into shared atmospheric experiences.

8.1. EXPLORING INTERCULTURAL IMPACTS OF THE ELECTROACOUSTIC COMPOSITION: I, Dreaming

The Electroacoustic composition *I, Dreaming* embodies a profound exploration into the interplay among auditory landscapes, cultural resonance, and the perception of reality. This study examines the potential social impacts of *I, Dreaming* from an intercultural perspective, investigating how the composition transcends conventional boundaries to cultivate cross-cultural understanding and dialogue.

I, Dreaming intricately intertwines varied sonic elements—natural sounds, Ambient textures, and Byzantine-inspired choir chants—to weave a tapestry of auditory experiences. This sonic diversity not only demonstrates compositional expertise but also encourages listeners from diverse cultural backgrounds to engage with and interpret the composition through their distinct cultural lenses.

From a societal standpoint, *I, Dreaming* holds the potential to bridge cultural gaps by offering a universal language of sound that resonates beyond linguistic and geographical confines. The inclusion of Byzantine choir chants, performed within the composition, introduces a unique cultural layer, prompting listeners to appreciate and connect with the rich heritage of Byzantine musical traditions. Moreover, the thematic exploration of consciousness, dreams, and perception in *I, Dreaming* transcends specific cultural contexts to evoke shared human experiences. The composition's narrative journey through different states of consciousness mirrors universal themes of introspection, spirituality, and emotional resonance, thereby fostering empathy and mutual understanding across diverse audiences.

Interculturally, *I, Dreaming* serves as a catalyst for cultural exchange and mutual appreciation. By embracing and integrating cultural elements within its sonic palette, the composition encourages listeners to explore unfamiliar traditions and perspectives, thereby promoting cultural diversity and inclusivity within contemporary music discourse.

Furthermore, the aesthetic and symbolic dimensions of *I, Dreaming* underscore its capacity to challenge stereotypes and broaden cultural horizons. Through its innovative use of sound textures and cultural references, the composition prompts listeners to reassess their perceptions of cultural identity and heritage, thereby fostering a more nuanced appreciation of cultural diversity.

9. ELABORATION ON THE ROLE OF SPATIALIZATION IN ELECTROACOUSTIC MUSIC: INTEGRATING I, Dreaming

Electroacoustic Music, characterized by the fusion of Electronic and acoustic sound sources, provides a rich terrain for exploring the manipulation of spatial attributes in auditory perception. This essay delves into how spatialization shapes auditory experiences, influences cognitive processes, and enhances artistic expression, using *I, Dreaming* as a central case study.

9.1. Spatial Attributes and Perception in I, Dreaming

I, Dreaming employs spatialization techniques to craft a narrative journey through distinct auditory environments that symbolize different states of consciousness. The composition begins with Electroacoustic sounds of water, stones, and bells, manipulating spatial attributes like directionality and distance to create a textured auditory landscape. This initial sonic environment serves as a foundation, grounding listeners in a recognizable acoustic space.

Transitioning into Ambient textures and drones, the composition blurs spatial boundaries, symbolizing a shift towards dream-like states. Here, spatial dimensions such as depth and envelopment are explored, immersing listeners in a multidimensional auditory experience. The integration of Ambient violin and drone sounds further enhances spatial imagery, evoking a sense of suspension and temporal ambiguity within the sonic environment.

9.2. Denis Smalley's Framework and Spatial Imagery

Denis Smalley's theoretical framework offers insights into spatial imagery in Electroacoustic Music, ranging from micro-level details of individual sound sources to macro-level scenes of composite auditory landscapes. *I, Dreaming* aligns with Smalley's concepts by orchestrating spatial images that transcend traditional stereo playback. For instance, the introduction of piano and Byzantine-inspired choir chants enriches spatial imagery, introducing layered dimensions of height and presence that resonate culturally and emotionally within the auditory space.

9.3. Artistic Exploration and Cognitive Impact

Artistically, *I, Dreaming* challenges conventional spatial expectations by integrating processed Electroacoustic sounds with acoustic instruments and recorded soundscapes. This deliberate blending disrupts familiar spatial schemas, prompting listeners to engage actively in spatial cognition and reinterpret spatial relationships within the auditory narrative. Cognitive impact is heightened as listeners navigate the composition's spatial complexities, constructing and revising spatial understandings based on auditory stimuli.

10. STRUCTURAL INTEGRATION OF AMBIENT AND Electroacoustic ELEMENTS

I, Dreaming exemplifies a unique approach to contemporary Electroacoustic Music by integrating Ambient music elements as foundational structural components. This compositional strategy not only expands the sonic palette but also redefines the narrative coherence and expressive depth of the piece. The integration of Ambient and Electroacoustic elements within the composition creates a dynamic interplay between abstract sonic exploration and thematic narrative, inviting listeners into a multi dimensional auditory journey.

10.1. Ambient Music: Expanding Sonic Landscapes

Ambient music, known for its emphasis on atmosphere and texture, plays a pivotal role in shaping the auditory environment of *I, Dreaming*. The composition begins with Electroacoustic sounds derived from natural elements such as water, stones, and bells, which are manipulated to create a textured auditory landscape. These sounds establish the foundational reality of the piece, grounding the listener in a tangible acoustic environment reminiscent of waking consciousness.

As the composition progresses, Ambient music techniques are employed to transition between different perceptual states. The introduction of Ambient violin and drone sounds marks a shift towards a more contemplative and introspective phase, blurring temporal boundaries and evoking a sense of suspended reality. This transitional phase symbolizes the liminal state between wakefulness and the subconscious, where sonic textures unfold dynamically to evoke emotional and psychological depths.

10.2. Electroacoustic Techniques: Narrative and Structural Cohesion

Electroacoustic techniques serve as the structural backbone of *I, Dreaming*, facilitating the integration of Ambient music elements into a cohesive narrative framework. Through spectral analysis, granular synthesis, and spatialization techniques, composers sculpt intricate sonic textures that resonate with both abstract and mimetic dimensions. These techniques enable the manipulation of sound materials derived from natural sources and instrumental recordings, enhancing the expressive potential and immersive quality of the composition.

The cyclical structure of *I, Dreaming* under scores its thematic exploration of reality and dreams, where each auditory phase represents distinct levels of consciousness. Electroacoustic sounds reappear throughout the composition, serving as anchor points that guide listeners through the narrative arc. This structural cohesion allows for fluid transitions between sonic states, from the grounded reality of natural sounds to the ethereal realms of Ambient and choir textures.

10.3. Integration of Byzantine-Inspired Choir: Cultural and Spiritual Resonances

Central to the composition's thematic exploration is the integration of Byzantine-inspired choir sounds, performed in a polyphonic, fugue-like style. These choir chants symbolize the deepest state of dreaming within *I, Dreaming*, evoking cultural and spiritual resonances that transcend literal realism. The rich harmonies and lyrical melodies of the choir interact with Ambient drones and Electroacoustic textures, creating a transformative auditory experience that reflects the inner depths of the subconscious mind.

The integration of choir chants adds a layer of cultural significance to the composition, grounding abstract sound explorations in a recognizable musical tradition. This cultural resonance enriches the thematic depth of *I, Dreaming*, inviting listeners to contemplate the interplay between subjective perception and collective cultural memory. The choir's presence highlights the transformative power of sound to evoke emotions, memories, and spiritual contemplation within the auditory landscape.

11. ANALYTICAL INSIGHTS: EXPLORING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

Analyzing *I, Dreaming* through the lens of structural relationships reveals the intricate interplay between Ambient and Electroacoustic elements within the composition. This integrative approach not only challenges traditional compositional practices but also expands the expressive potential of contemporary Electroacoustic Music. By examining the structural integration of Ambient music as a foundational element, composers navigate between abstract sonic exploration and thematic coherence, fostering innovative forms of musical narrative and spatial experience.

11.1. Spectral Analysis and Granular Synthesis

Spectral analysis and granular synthesis techniques play a crucial role in shaping the structural coherence of *I, Dreaming*. These Electroacoustic methods allow composers to deconstruct and manipulate sound materials derived from natural and instrumental sources, creating dynamic sonic textures that evolve over time. Spectral analysis enables composers to analyze and transform sound spectra, while granular synthesis facilitates the manipulation of sound grains to create intricate timbral and textural variations.

In *I, Dreaming*, spectral analysis is used to extract harmonic and timbral qualities from natural sound sources such as water, stones, and bells. These spectral profiles are then processed and synthesized using granular synthesis techniques to generate complex sonic textures that blur the boundaries between acoustic and Electronic realms. The integration of these Electroacoustic techniques enhances the narrative coherence of the composition, allow-

ing for seamless transitions between Ambient, Electroacoustic, and choral elements.

11.2. Spatialization and Temporal Manipulation

Spatialization and temporal manipulation techniques further enhance the structural integration of Ambient and Electroacoustic elements within *I, Dreaming*. Spatialization techniques allow composers to position sound sources within a three dimensional auditory space, creating immersive sonic environments that envelop the listener. By manipulating spatial parameters such as distance, direction, and movement, composers sculpt spatial trajectories that enhance the perceptual engagement and spatial coherence of the composition. Temporal manipulation techniques, including time-stretching and rhythmic modulation, contribute to the structural cohesion of *I, Dreaming* by shaping the temporal flow and pacing of sonic events. These techniques alter the perceived duration and rhythmic structure of sound materials, allowing for fluid transitions between different auditory states. Temporal manipulations are particularly evident in the composition's cyclical structure, where Electroacoustic sounds and Ambient textures evolve dynamically to evoke shifting perceptual states and emotional resonances. *I, Dreaming* exemplifies the transformative potential of integrating Ambient and Electroacoustic Music as foundational structural elements within contemporary composition. By exploring the interplay between abstract sonic exploration and thematic coherence, composers push the boundaries of traditional compositional practices, expanding the expressive palette of Electroacoustic Music. The composition's cyclical structure and thematic exploration of reality and dreams underscore the dynamic evolution of musical narrative and spatial experience, inviting listeners into a multi-dimensional auditory journey shaped by cultural, spiritual, and emotional resonances.

Through spectral analysis, granular synthesis, spatialization techniques, and temporal manipulation, composers navigate between abstract and mimetic dimensions to create immersive sonic landscapes that resonate with cultural significance. The integration of Byzantine-inspired choir chants adds a layer of cultural depth to the composition, highlighting the transformative power of sound to evoke emotions, memories, and spiritual contemplation within the auditory realm. *I, Dreaming* stands as a testament to the innovative fusion of Ambient and Electroacoustic Music, redefining the listener's experience of musical space and time through its intricate structural relationships and thematic explorations.

12. DIFFUSION POTENTIAL OF *I, Dreaming* IN A LARGE-SCALE SPACE

The composition *I, Dreaming*, presents unique opportunities for spatial diffusion in large-scale environments.

12.1. Spatialization Techniques and Immersive Experience

I, Dreaming integrates spatialization techniques as a fundamental aspect of its compositional strategy. In large-scale spaces such as concert halls or immersive audio environments, these techniques can enhance the listener's immersion by spatially distributing sound elements throughout the auditory field. Spatialization not only extends the sonic canvas of the composition but also envelops the audience in a multi-dimensional auditory landscape, intensifying the emotional and psychological impact of the music.

The Electroacoustic elements of *I, Dreaming*, including Ambient textures, natural sounds, instrumental recordings, and Byzantine-inspired choir chants, are strategically positioned within the spatial domain. This spatial placement allows for dynamic interactions between sonic layers, creating a sense of depth, movement, and presence that transcends traditional stereo or mono playback. By diffusing the composition in a large-scale space, composers and sound engineers can leverage spatialization to sculpt sonic trajectories that unfold around and above the audience, immersing them in an expansive auditory journey.

12.2. Acoustic Architecture and Sound Environment

The architectural characteristics of large-scale spaces profoundly influence the diffusion of *I, Dreaming*. Concert halls, theaters, cathedrals, or specially designed immersive audio venues offer distinct acoustic environments that shape the perception of sound. The reverberant qualities, resonant frequencies, and spatial configurations of these spaces interact with the composition's sonic elements, influencing timbral richness, clarity, and perceived distance.

For instance, the reverberation in a cathedral or a concert hall can enhance the ethereal qualities of the choir chants in *I, Dreaming*, imbuing them with a sense of grandeur and spiritual resonance. Conversely, an immersive audio environment with controlled acoustics can facilitate precise spatial localization of individual sound sources, enabling composers to sculpt intricate sonic textures that dynamically evolve across the spatial continuum.

12.3. Auditory Perception and Emotional Resonance

Diffusing *I, Dreaming* in a large-scale space extends beyond technical considerations to engage auditory perception and emotional resonance. The immersive nature of spatial diffusion invites listeners to explore the composition from multiple vantage points, encouraging active engagement with its thematic narratives and structural complexities. The interplay between Ambient textures, Electroacoustic elements, and choir chants unfolds spatially, evoking a visceral response that transcends conventional listening experiences.

Moreover, the expansive spatialization of I, Dreaming amplifies its emotional impact by enveloping listeners in a cocoon of sound that resonates with cultural, spiritual, and psychological dimensions. The integration of Ambient and Electroacoustic elements within the spatial domain creates a symbiotic relationship between auditory stimuli and perceptual responses, fostering a profound connection between the composition and its audience.

The diffusion of I, Dreaming in a large-scale space represents a transformative opportunity to redefine the auditory experience through spatialization techniques, acoustic architecture, and emotional resonance. By leveraging the spatial dimensions of Electroacoustic Music, composers can immerse listeners in a multi-dimensional sonic journey that transcends physical boundaries and expands the expressive potential of contemporary composition.

The integration of Ambient textures, natural sounds, instrumental recordings, and Byzantine inspired choir chants within expansive auditory environments enriches the narrative coherence and thematic depth of I, Dreaming. This chapter underscores the transformative power of spatial diffusion in large-scale spaces, inviting further exploration into the intersection of Electroacoustic Music, spatialization techniques, and immersive audio experiences.

13. Conclusion

The theoretical exploration of transitions and superimpositions between musical genres underscores their dynamic role in shaping contemporary music practice and aesthetic discourse. By blending diverse musical vocabularies, composers challenge conventional boundaries, cultivate cultural dialogue, and craft nuanced narratives that resonate with diverse audiences. Theoretical frameworks from musicology, cultural studies, and contemporary music practice offer valuable insights into the complexities and implications of genre hybridity, illuminating the transformative potential of musical diversity and innovation. This theoretical background provides a foundation for understanding how transitions and superimpositions between musical genres enrich compositional creativity, foster cultural exchange, and contribute to the evolving landscape of global music cultures.

14. References

Bandur, Markus. Boulez's "Martiale" and "Non Martiale": The development of a language. *The Musical Quarterly*, vol. 85, no. 2, 2001, pp. 328-361.

Barrett, Natasha. Spatio-musical composition strategies. *Organised Sound*, vol. 7, no. 3, 2002, pp. 313-323.

Battier, Marc. A constructivist approach to the analysis of electronic music and audio art - between

instruments and faktura. *Organised Sound*, vol. 12, no. 1, 2007, pp. 45-53.

Benson, David. *Music: A Mathematical Offering*. Cambridge University Press, 2003.

Bossis, Bruno. The acousmatic experience: On the theory and practice of sound fixation. *Organised Sound*, vol. 11, no. 2, 2006, pp. 113-122.

Chion, Michel. *Audio-vision: Sound on Screen*. Columbia University Press, 1994.

Chion, Michel. *Guide to Sound Objects: Pierre Schaeffer and Musical Research*. University of California Press, 2009.

Clarke, Eric. *Ways of Listening: An Ecological Approach to the Perception of Musical Meaning*. Oxford University Press, 2005.

Collins, Nick, and Julio D' Escriván. *The Cambridge Companion to Electronic Music*. Cambridge University Press, 2007.

Cook, Perry R. *Real Sound Synthesis for Interactive Applications*. A K Peters/CRC Press, 2002.

Dodge, Charles, and Thomas A. Jerse. *Computer Music: Synthesis, Composition, and Performance*. Schirmer Books, 1997.

Emmerson, Simon. The relation of language to materials. *Interface*, vol. 15, no. 1, 1986, pp. 1-22.

Emmerson, Simon. *Music, Electronic Media, and Culture*. Ashgate Publishing, 2000.

Garnett, Guy E. *The Computer Music Tutorial*. MIT Press, 2001.

Gibson, William. *Neuromancer*. Ace Books, 1986.

Griffiths, Paul. *Modern Music and After*. Oxford University Press, 2011.

Harley, James. Space and spatialization in contemporary music: History and analysis, ideas and implementations. *Organised Sound*, vol. 3, no. 2, 1994, pp. 147-166.

Harrison, Jonty. Sound, space, sculpture: Some thoughts on the 'what', 'how' and 'why' of sound diffusion. *Organised Sound*, vol. 3, no. 2, 1998, pp. 117-127.

Holmes, Thom. *Electronic and Experimental Music: Technology, Music, and Culture*. Routledge, 2012.

Kane, Brian. *Sound Unseen: Acousmatic Sound in Theory and Practice*. Oxford University Press, 2014.

Landy, Leigh. *Understanding the Art of Sound Organization*. MIT Press, 2007.

Lewis, George E. *A Power Stronger Than Itself: The AACM and American Experimental Music*. University of Chicago Press, 2008.

Manning, Peter. *Electronic and Computer Music*. Oxford University Press, 2013.

Menezes, Flo. The language of electroacoustic music. *Organised Sound*, vol. 17, no. 2, 2012, pp. 99-107.

Normandeau, Robert. The present and future of acousmatic music. *Organised Sound*, vol. 1, no. 2, 1996, pp. 85-91.

Prendergast, Mark. *The Ambient Century: From Mahler to Trance*. Bloomsbury Publishing, 2000.

Roads, Curtis. *The Computer Music Tutorial*. MIT Press, 1996.

Roads, Curtis. *Microsound*. MIT Press, 2001.

Roads, Curtis, and John Strawn, (Eds.). *Foundations of Computer Music*. MIT Press, 1985.

Schaeffer, Pierre. *Treatise on Musical Objects: An Essay Across Disciplines*. University of California Press, 2017.

Smalley, Denis. Spectromorphology: Explaining sound shapes. *Organised Sound*, vol. 2, no. 2, 1986, pp. 107-126.

Smalley, Denis. Understanding the language of electroacoustic music. *Contemporary Music Review*, vol. 7, no. 2, 1992, pp. 5-19.

Smalley, Denis. Space-form and the acousmatic image. *Organised Sound*, vol. 12, no. 1, 2007, pp. 35-58.

Stockhausen, Karlheinz. *Music in Space*. Universal Edition, 1962.

Thompson, Marie. *Beyond Unwanted Sound: Noise, Affect and Aesthetic Moralism*. Bloomsbury Academic, 2017.

Truax, Barry. *Acoustic Communication*. Ablex Publishing, 2001.

Vande Gorne, Annette. Acousmatic composing and spatialization. *Organised Sound*, vol. 7, no. 2, 2002, pp. 133-140.

Weale, Robert. Discovering how accessible electroacoustic music can be: The Intention/Reception project. *Organised Sound*, vol. 11, no. 2, 2006, pp. 189-200.

Wishart, Trevor. *On Sonic Art*. Routledge, 1996.

[40] Xenakis, Iannis. *Formalized Music: Thought and Mathematics in Composition*. Pendragon Press, 1992.

in 1982. He has attended both the University of York (MA in Music Technology) under the supervision of Professor Andy Hunt and the University of Sussex (MA in Composition for Media and Film and MPhil in Musical Composition) under the supervision of Professor Ed Hughes. His BA in Greece was in Informatics and Computer Technology. He has also obtained his Piano Diploma in 2003 with Professor Dimitris Toufexis. In parallel, he has obtained the Diplomas in Harmony, Counterpoint and Fugue respectively. He holds a PhD Degree in Acousmatic Music Composition. He obtained his PhD from the University of Manchester (NOVARS Research Centre), under the supervision of Professor David Berezan. His area of interest was: Creating works of Acousmatic Music based on aspects of Greek Culture (Religion, Traditional Greek Instruments, Mythology). His music has been accepted and performed in 45 music festivals to date. His music has also been broadcasted in ERT 3rd Programme (Greece), Concertzender (The Netherlands) and Resonance 104.4 FM (United Kingdom). Dr. Epameinondas Fasianos's work Chromatocosmos has been awarded the First Prize in Category A in MUSICA NOVA 2018 Competition of Electroacoustic Music in Prague, Czech Republic, as well as the Third Prize in MUSICWORKS 2018 Electroacoustic Music Competition in Toronto, Canada. In 2019, Dr. Epameinondas Fasianos's work Elec troSantouri was accepted in ICMC (International Computer Music Conference 2019) – NYCEMF (New York City Electroacoustic Music Festival 2019), New York City, United States of America. Moreover, the same work received an Honorary Mention in ARS ELECTRONICA FORUM WALLIS Swiss Contemporary Music Festival 2019 (Leuk, Switzerland). In 2019, he became a member of the Hellenic Association of Electroacoustic Music Composers (ESSIM), Greece. In 2020, he became a member of the International Computer Music Association (ICMA), United States. In 2020, he also became a member of the Japanese Society for Sonic Arts (JSSA), Japan. In 2021, he became a member of the SEAMUS Society for Electroacoustic Music in the United States. Personal Website: <https://www.epafassianos.com/>



This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License. To view a copy of this license, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/> or send a letter to Creative Commons, PO Box 1866, Mountain View, CA 94042, USA.

15. Author's Profile

Epameinondas FASIANOS

Dr. Epameinondas FASIANOS • Greek Composer of Electroacoustic and Ambient Music. He was born in Athens